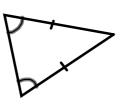
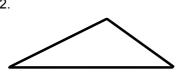
Classify each triangle by its sides and angles. Choose from acute, right, obtuse, scalene, isosceles, equilateral and/or equiangular.

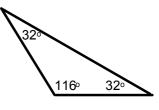
1.



2.



3.



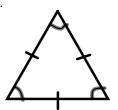
sides: angles: _____ sides:

angles: _____

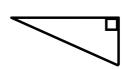
sides: ____

angles:

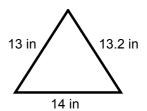
4.



5.



6.



sides: _____

angles: _____

sides:

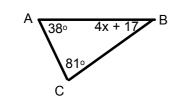
angles: _____

sides:

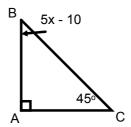
angles: _____

Write an equation to find the value of \boldsymbol{x} , then find the measure of angle B.

7.

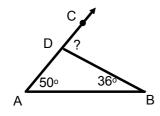


8



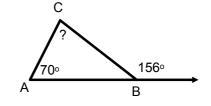
Find the missing angle measure.

9.



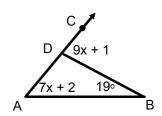
? =

10.



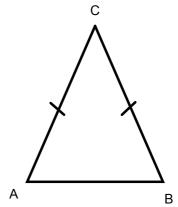
? = ____

11. Find the value of x.

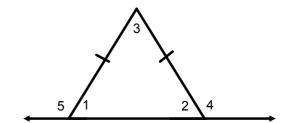


Refer to the isosceles triangle at the right to answer each question.

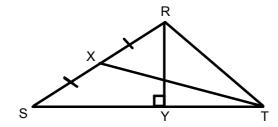
- 12. Name the base.
- 13. Name the vertex angle.
- 14. Name the legs.
- 15. Name the base angles.
- 16. Name two properties of isosceles triangles.



Using the diagram at the right, find the missing angle measures if $m < 1 = 65^{\circ}$.



21. Name an altitude and a median of the diagram.



- 22. Draw a right triangle. Label it $\[\underline{\Lambda} \]$ MNO. Construct three medians.
- 23. Draw an obtuse triangle. Label it ${\color{red} \Delta}$ MNO. Construct three altitudes.

State if the three numbers can be the measures of the sides of a triangle. Show your work.

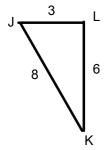
24. 3, 4, and 8

25. 3, 4, and 7

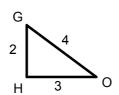
26. 3, 4, and 2

Order the angles in each triangle from smallest to largest.

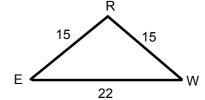
27.



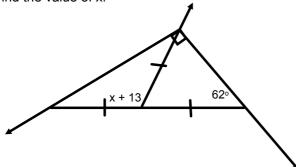
28.



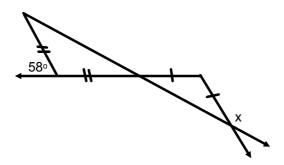
29.



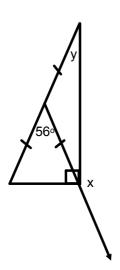
30. Find the value of x.



31. Find the value of x.



32. Find the value of x and y.



Write an equation and solve for x. Find the measure of < SRK.

33.

