

Name NOTES

## Algebra II: Subtracting Polynomials

### Essential Question:

How do I subtract polynomials?

### Sub Questions:

What do I do differently when I subtract a polynomial? (power point)

Re-write subtraction as adding the opposite!

$$\text{Ex } (3x^2 + 2b - 4) - (2x^2 - 3b + 6)$$

$$1) \quad = (3x^2 + 2b - 4) + (-2x^2 + 3b - 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (9y - 7x + 15a) + (+3y + 8x + 8a) \\ + 3y + 8x + 8a \\ \hline 12y + (-15x) + 23a \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} (7a - 10b) - (3a + 4b) \\ = (7a - 10b) + (-3a - 4b) \\ - 3a - 4b \\ \hline 4a - 14b \end{array}$$

$$\text{or } 12y - 15x + 23a$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3) \\ (4x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2) - (-3x^2 - xy + 6) \\ = (4x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2) + (3x^2 + xy - 6) \\ + 3x^2 + xy + 6 \\ \hline 7x^2 - xy + 3y^2 + 6 \end{array}$$

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Subtract the Polynomials.

$$1) (2x^2 + 2x) - (x^2 - 3x)$$

$$2) (a + 1) - (2a - 4)$$

$$3) (2b - 2) - (b - 4)$$

$$4) (x^2 + 1) - (x^2 + 1)$$

$$5) (5m - 16) - (m + 2)$$

$$6) (3n - 2) - (m + 2)$$

$$7) (y + 6) - (-3y - 8)$$

$$8) (x^2 + 3x + 2) - (x^2 - 4x + 1)$$

$$9) (x^2 + 2x + 1) - (4x^2 - 3x + 7)$$

$$10) (a^2 + 5ab - 2c) - (3a^2 + ab - c)$$

$$11) (x^2 - 8x + 7) - (5x^2 + 9)$$

$$12) (4y^2 + 6y + 10) - (2y^2 - 5y + 10)$$